## KỲ THI TỐT NGHIỆP TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG NĂM 2023 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề BỘ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 04 trang)

Họ, tên thí sinh	Mã đề thi 408								
				whose underlined next differe					
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.									
				<b>D.</b> chorus					
	<b>A.</b> cold	<b>B.</b> <u>ch</u> ildren <b>B.</b> sp <u>o</u> rt	<b>C.</b> <u>cn</u> airman <b>C.</b> post	<b>D.</b> <u>cn</u> orus <b>D.</b> h <u>o</u> me					
	A. Cold  A. R. C. or D. on your	answer sheet to	indicate the word the						
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.								
Question 3:		<b>B.</b> follow	C. arrive	<b>D.</b> require					
~		B. confident		<b>D.</b> important					
~	•			that best completes each of the					
following exch		nswer sheet to tr	iaicale the sentence i	mui vesi compieies euch of the					
	ong and Mike are in the	school canteen							
- Hong: "	?"	school canteen.							
- Mike: "Here y									
-	ass the salt, please		<b>B.</b> Can you sit here						
• •	lay basketball		•	ananece nleace					
	ter and Khanh are talkin	a about learning	<b>D.</b> Can you speak Japanese, please foreign languages						
_	students should learn to			t school "					
	. It helps them comm		•						
<b>A.</b> That's not		iumeate with mo							
C. I quite agr	0		<ul><li>B. I don't think it's a good idea</li><li>D. I quite disagree with you</li></ul>						
	•	r answer sheet t	1 0	CLOSEST in meaning to the					
	d in each of the followi		o muicute the word	closes in meaning to the					
	y uncle dreams of having	~ -	he <b>nlans</b> to save un f	or it					
A. leaves	<b>B.</b> intend		C. moves	<b>D.</b> quits					
	eturning home after the e			*					
A. messy	<b>B.</b> organi		C. tidy	<b>D.</b> neat					
•				OPPOSITE in meaning to the					
	d(s) in each of the follo		muicuie ine woru(s)	off offile in meaning to the					
	, ,	~ -	ountry but his comp	any denied responsibility to pay					
for his expenses		do in a foreign e	ountry, out ms comp	any <u>active</u> responsionity to pay					
	B. accept	ed	C avoided	D. neglected					
				er new hairstyle yesterday was					
really <b>below th</b>		to 111d1 y . 11 11dt y		or new numbers of generally was					
		d kind	C. cruel and kind	D. fair and unkind					
				nswer to each of the following					
questions.	11, 2, c, o. 2 o. you			is wer to each of the following					
-	he iournalist is talking a	bout having a ne	w published i	n the local newspaper next week					
A. cartoon		o o oo ma ma , mag	C. documentary	<b>D.</b> article					
				the main contents of his lesson.					
A. call for		own		<b>D.</b> make up					
	ler parents are working		_	_ ,r					
A. aren't they			C. don't they	<b>D.</b> do they					
	Ve will inform you		ev went v mey	20 20 2129					
A. as soon as	we had had the intervie	w result	<b>B.</b> as soon as we ha	nd the interview result					
	we were having the inte								
	he man home w								
<b>A.</b> is driving				<b>D.</b> was driving					
_	he promised to								
A. to coming		ne		<b>D.</b> coming					
	lam is trying to break th			2					
A. option	<b>B.</b> race		C. habit	<b>D.</b> sound					

Trang 1/4 - Mã đề thi 408

Question 18: Bi	inh is 1.80 meters tall, ar	nd Linh is 1.65 m	eters tall. Binh is _	Linh.
A. taller than	<b>B.</b> older th	an	C. younger than	<b>D.</b> shorter than
	e have travelled to almo			
A. an	<b>B.</b> the	-	C. Ø (no article)	<b>D.</b> a
Question 20: It	's not difficult he	er to go to work b	ecause the office is	s near her home.
<b>A.</b> for			C. to	<b>D.</b> towards
Question 21: A	Although the students in	my class have b	een learning Engl	ish for three months, they can
	ntly with foreigners.	•		•
A. communic	ation <b>B.</b> commu	nicatively	C. communicate	<b>D.</b> communicative
				people from around the world.
A. was attend	ed <b>B.</b> attends		C. attended	<b>D.</b> was attending
Question 23: It	t is uncommon for the o	director to	power to his fin	<b>D.</b> was attending nance manager to make financial
decisions for the			_ •	C
	<b>B.</b> authoris	se	C. navigate	<b>D.</b> stimulate
				should look into it carefully. It's
A. in a rack	pig <b>B.</b> in a roll		C. in a pack	<b>D.</b> in a poke
				t on applying for a more suitable
one.		1 0	1	
A. Offered	<b>B.</b> To offe	r	C. Offering	<b>D.</b> Having offered
				ver sheet to indicate the correct
	that best fits each of the			
				ient times. Latin - the language
				eferred languages in the Middle
				rnment although historians have
				ouch. After the invention of the
				together with improvements in
				(28) messages to each
	Maintaining contact was			
				and text messages (29)
		_	•	tter when you can make a small
		-	_	ee that there is something very
	ceiving a handwritten let		1 1 8	8 ,
1	J			(Adapted from High Note)
<b>Question 26:</b>	<b>A.</b> another	B. many	C. every	D. each
<b>Question 27:</b>	<b>A.</b> available	B. occupied	C. vacant	<b>D.</b> constant
<b>Question 28:</b>	A. lengthen	B. convey	C. expand	<b>D.</b> transform
<b>Question 29:</b>	A. which	B. when	C. where	<b>D.</b> who
<b>Question 30:</b>	<b>A.</b> Although	B. Because	C. Moreover	<b>D.</b> However
Read the follow	ing passage and mark ti	he letter A, B, C,	or D on your answ	ver sheet to indicate the correct
•	of the questions from 3		-	
The Japanes	se love inventing and th	ey are very good	at it. But there is	one inventor who has invented
-				r 4,000 new inventions over the
_	He is most well-known f		_	

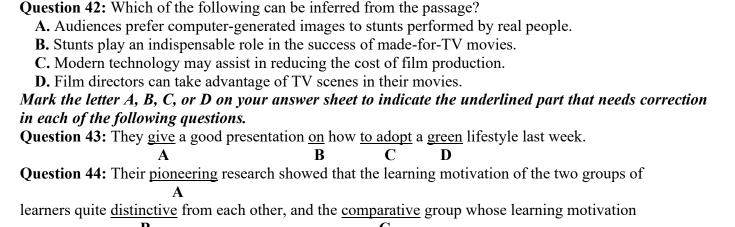
He designed many strange things such as glasses which look like eyes so you can't notice them, shoes which have steel springs so that you can jump in them, and a pillow which stops you from falling asleep when you are driving.

How does he come up with these ideas? He finds listening to Beethoven helpful. But the thing that makes him most creative is holding his breath underwater. He dives into his swimming pool every day and stays underwater as long as he can. He believes that less oxygen in the brain is good for new ideas. He also dives with a pencil and a notebook which he invented. He needs to write down his ideas immediately in the water because they disappear quickly.

Dr. Nakamats believes that eating the right food is important for creativity, and he has invented some snacks that he says are good for your brain. He has also invented an armchair which helps to enhance your brainpower. He sits in the chair every day to give him more good ideas. Dr. Nakamats is now in his eighties, but he plans to live until he is 144 years old, so he still has plenty of time to develop even more new ideas.

(Adapted from Get Ahead)

0 4 24 71								
Question 31: The passage is mainly about								
A. famous Japanese scientists and their more invention								
	<b>B.</b> a famous Japanese scientist and his strange inventions							
C. inventions by famous Japanese inventors								
<b>D.</b> Japanese famous inventions by a scientist								
Question 32: The word <u>it</u> in paragraph 1 refers to	<u></u> .							
A. Japan B. notebook	C. invention	<b>D.</b> inventing						
Question 33: According to paragraph 2, Dr. Nakamats								
<b>A.</b> glasses <b>B.</b> shoes	C. a pillow	<b>D.</b> a book						
Question 34: Dr. Nakamats dives with a pencil and a n								
<ul><li>A. he wants to get oxygen quickly</li><li>C. he can drive more carefully</li></ul>	<b>B.</b> he can dive more quick	rly						
	<b>D.</b> he wants to write down	his ideas immediately						
Question 35: The word enhance in paragraph 4 is clos	est in meaning to							
<b>A.</b> divide <b>B.</b> reduce	C. improve	<b>D.</b> decrease						
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B,	C, or <b>D</b> on your answer she	eet to indicate the correct						
answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.	•							
Action movies are exciting and a lot of fun to wa	atch, but they also involve	scenes of great risk and						
danger. In the language of filmmaking, dangerous action	•	_						
work is too dangerous for regular actors. Movie compa								
the actors in scenes that are unsafe.	J 1	1 1						
Movie producers don't like to let actors do their ov	wn stunt work. If the actors	injure themselves, it can						
delay the production schedule. Using stunt people a		•						
experience, which enables <u>them</u> to perform their stunt								
train the actors to perform dangerous scenes safely.	or man a minimum of risk.	it would take too long to						
Some people who love the <b>thrill</b> of dangerous spon	ts such as skydiving or roc	k climbing think it would						
be easy to work as a stunt person. But it isn't enough to	• •	_						
what to do if anything goes wrong.	o oc a risk-taker. Stufft perio	officers also have to know						
In addition to risk-taking and <b>meticulous</b> attention	to datail and planning stu	nt work requires being in						
top physical condition. Although there are a few train								
only an overview of the profession. Normally, the p								
experience in dangerous sports, rescue work, or the mil								
work is to train in an area that involves strong physical								
Modern filmmaking techniques have changed the v	•							
computer-generated images make it possible to show s								
real stunt people to perform. Computer-generated imag								
crashes, and explosions. However, they are not alway								
people perform actual stunts. Also, the rising popularity of made-for-TV movies around the world ensures								
that there is still plenty for stunt people in the film indu		1.0 G D						
Overtion 26. Which of the fellowing statements heat		apted from Strategic Reading						
Question 36: Which of the following statements best e	<del>-</del>	ie passage?						
A. Stunt people have to be physically fit to perform of	_							
<b>B.</b> Movie companies use technology for stunts instead of stunt performers.								
C. Stunt work is dangerous and needs to be performed		=						
<b>D.</b> Action movies sometimes comprise non-dangerou		supporting cast.						
<b>Question 37:</b> In the language of filmmaking, stunts are								
A. regular actors B. action movies		<b>D.</b> exciting scenes						
<b>Question 38:</b> The word <b>them</b> in paragraph 2 refers to _	·							
<b>A.</b> stunt people <b>B.</b> movie producers	C. movie scenes	<b>D.</b> movie actors						
<b>Question 39:</b> The word <b>thrill</b> in paragraph 3 is closest	<u> </u>							
<b>A.</b> consequence <b>B.</b> convenience	C. excitement	<b>D.</b> arrangement						
<b>Question 40:</b> The word <u>meticulous</u> in paragraph 4 is c		_•						
<b>A.</b> useful <b>B.</b> helpful	C. careful	<b>D.</b> harmful						
<b>Question 41:</b> Which of the following is NOT TRUE ac								
<b>A.</b> Movie stunts are often performed by the main actor								
<b>B.</b> Stunt performers normally have certain experience in related fields.								
C. Stunts need to be performed with great care.								
<b>D.</b> Stunt people are hired mostly to undertake danger	ous scenes.							



was stronger performed better than the control group.

Question 45: The man bought the old painting and then sold them to a collector at a higher price.

=  $\frac{1}{B}$   $\frac{C}{C}$ 

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

**Question 47:** "I helped the old lady cross the road," said the teacher.

- **A.** The teacher said she would help the old lady cross the road.
- **B.** The teacher said I helped the old lady cross the road.
- **C.** The teacher said she had helped the old lady cross the road.
- **D.** The teacher said she helped the old lady cross the road.

Question 46: Students are not allowed to bring food into the computer room.

- A. Students wouldn't bring food into the computer room.
- **B.** Students mustn't bring food into the computer room.
- C. Students needn't bring food into the computer room.
- **D.** Student won't bring food into the computer room.

Question 48: Mark started learning Spanish seven years ago.

- **A.** Mark has learned Spanish for seven years.
- **B.** Mark has started learning Spanish since seven years.
- C. Mark has learned Spanish since he was seven years old.
- **D.** Mark started learning Spanish when he was seven years old.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: The gold ring was expensive. I couldn't afford to buy it.

- **A.** If the gold ring had been cheaper, I can't have afforded to buy it.
- **B.** If the gold ring had been more expensive, I could have afforded to buy it.
- C. If the gold ring had been less expensive, I could have afforded to buy it.
- **D.** If the gold ring had been cheaper, I couldn't have afforded to buy it.

**Question 50:** The boy band had just finished their first live performance. All the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.

- **A.** Had it not been for the boy band's first live performance, all the audiences at the theatre would have given them a loud round of applause.
- **B.** Barely had the boy band finished their first live performance when all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause.
- C. No matter when the boy band finished their first live performance did all the audiences at the theatre give them a loud round of applause.
- **D.** Not until all the audiences at the theatre gave them a loud round of applause did the boy band finish their first live performance.